DR. DAVID M. JU

JUNE 27, 1952.—Ordered to be printed

Mr. McCarran, from the Committee on the Judiciary, submitted the following

REPORT

[To accompany H. R. 3774]

The Committee on the Judiciary, to which was referred the bill (H. R. 3774) for the relief of Dr. David M. Ju, having considered the same, reports favorably thereon without amendment and recommends that the bill do pass.

PURPOSE OF THE BILL

The purpose of the bill is to grant the status of permanent residence in the United States to Dr. David M. Ju. The bill provides for an appropriate quota deduction and for the payment of the required visa fee and head tax.

STATEMENT OF FACTS

The beneficiary of the bill is a 29-year-old Chinese doctor who is presently doing research work at the Presbyterian and the Delafield Hospitals in New York City. He last entered the United States as a visitor on July 13, 1949. The professors of surgery at Columbia University state that he is definitely an asset to the medical profession in this country.

A letter dated March 13, 1952, to the chairman of the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives with reference to the case reads as follows:

MARCH 13, 1952.

Hon. EMANUEL CELLER.

Chairman, Committee on the Judiciary,

House of Representatives, Washington, D. C.

My DEAR MR. CHAIRMAN: This is in response to your request for the views of the Department of Justice relative to the bill (H. R. 3774) for the relief of Dr. David M. Ju, an alien. This bill would grant Dr. Ju permanent residence in the United States.

The files of the Immigration and Naturalization Service of this Department disclose that Dr. Ju, a native and citizen of China, was born on June 20, 1922. He arrived in the United States at the port of San Francisco on July 13, 1949, when he was admitted as a visitor until December 11, 1949. He has received three extensions of stay in the United States, the last having expired on June 11, 1951. When he arrived in the United States Dr. Ju was destined to the National Jewish Hospital, Denver, Colo., where he was to be a resident surgeon under a fellowship to study thoracic surgery. He stated that after his arrival he received an appointment as assistant resident surgeon in the plastic surgery division, department of surgery, Columbia Presbyterian Medical Center, New York, which he accepted with the consent of the National Jewish Hospital. He has remained at the Columbia Presbyterian Medical Center and is now a research fellow in the department of surgery in that institution under a fellowship furnished by the American Cancer Society.

The records further reflect that Dr. Ju is a registered graduate doctor of medicine of the National Medical College, Shanghai, China. He stated that he served from 1943 to 1945 with the Eighth Chinese Expeditionary Army under Chiang Kai-shek as a Red Cross attaché to the One Hundred and Third Division. From 1945 until March 1949 he was a resident in the department of surgery at the National Medical College in Shanghai. He stated that it is his desire to remain permanently in the United States, either to continue his studies at the Columbia Presbyterian Medical Center, or to be allowed to join the United States Armed Forces where his specialized medical experience would be of value. He has been recommended highly by his superiors as an outstanding surgeon of great talent. His parents, three brothers and two sisters reside in China. He has no relatives

or anyone in the United States dependent upon him for support.

The Chinese racial quota, to which Dr. Ju is chargeable, is oversubscribed and and immigration visa is not readily obtainable. The files present no facts which would justify granting him a preference over other aliens chargeable to the Chinese racial quota who are awaiting their turns for the issuance of quota immi-

Accordingly, the Department of Justice is unable to recommend enactment Sincerely, among to such as add theng of at hid odd to asoquen ad

of this bill.

A. DEVITT VANECH, Deputy Attorney General.

Congressman Jacob Javits, the author of the bill, appeared before a subcommittee of the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and submitted the following affidavits in connection with the bill:

PRESBYTERIAN HOSPITAL, New York, N. Y., March 28, 1952.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE, Washington, D. C.

To Whom It May Concern:

Dr. David Ju is a remarkably competent surgeon who is carrying out some very promising research work at the Presbyterian Hospital and the Delafield Hospital. His support comes from the Department of Hospitals, New York City, and a temporary waiver has been made on his behalf because of his noncitizenship. Renewal of his appointment and consequently his important work may depend upon establishment of citizenship.

I think there is more than sufficient reason to justify preferential treatment in the case of Dr. David Ju because of his unusually high qualifications and intelli-

Yours sincerely,

THOMAS W. STEVENSON, M. D.

COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY, College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York, N. Y., March 27, 1952.

Congressman JACOB JAVITS,

House Office Building, Washington, D. C.

Dear Congressman Javits: I am writing you on behalf of Dr. David Ju who is at present working with me at the Francis Delafield Hospital as a clinical assistant and research investigator.

Dr. Ju is a Chinese physician of the highest personal character and professional integrity. He has already demonstrated his ability in medical research by winning an award last year among Nation-wide contestants for the best report on original investigation in plastic surgery. At the present time he is making headway on new research problems relating to cancer, which I feel will be significant and worth while.

I believe every possible consideration should be shown to Dr. Ju to make it

possible for him to continue his work here in New York.

Sincerely yours,

Joseph J. McDonald, M. D., Professor of Surgery, Columbia University, Director of Surgical Service, Francis Delafield Hospital.

The committee, after consideration of all the facts in the case, is of the opinion that the bill (H. R. 3774) should be enacted.

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